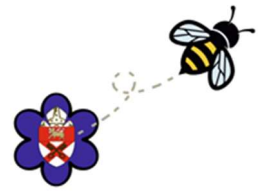




*Celebrate*



*Collaborate*



*Pollinate*



# **Burneston Church of England Voluntary Aided Primary School**

## **Special Educational Needs & Disability (SEND) Policy**

Agreed by governors: July 2024  
Policy Review Date: **July 2025**

**SENCo:** Sophie Tennant

The SENCo is a member of the Senior Leadership Team

**Date of NASENCo Award:** December 2016

**SEN Governor:** Claire Robinson

This policy was developed by the SENDCo, SEND governor and Headteacher with contributions from the wider governing body, parents and pupils. It is reviewed on an annual basis by the SENDCo, SEND governor and Headteacher before being ratified by the governing body. This Policy has been written to reflect current legislation and other school policies:

- *The Children and Families Act 2014*
- *Equality Act 2010: advice for schools DfE Feb 2013*
- *Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014*
- *Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Code of Practice 0 – 25 (January 2015) (SEND CoP)*
- *Schools SEN Information Report Regulations 2015*
- *Current Statutory Guidance on Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions*
- *School's Safeguarding Policy*
- *Current teachers standards*
- *Current teaching assistant standards*
- *School's Accessibility Plan*

*(Abbreviations used – please see glossary)*

### **Safeguarding statement:**

All adults at Burneston Church of England (VA) Primary School work together to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people, including those with Special Educational Needs. Under the Education Act 2002 schools have a duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of **all** their pupils and, in accordance with guidance set out in 'Working Together to Safeguard Children' and 'Keeping Children Safe in Education', Burneston Church of England (VA) Primary School will work in partnership with parents, carers and other organisations where appropriate to identify any concerns about child welfare and take action to address them.

Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people goes beyond implementing basic child protection procedures. It is an integral part of all activities, functions, culture and ethos of Burneston Church of England (VA) Primary School.

The Headteacher, **Suzy Smart**, has the ultimate responsibility for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people. **Sophie Tennant** is the Deputy Safeguarding Lead.

The school's safeguarding policy can be found [here](#).

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## Statement of Intent and ethos

At Burneston Church of England (VA) Primary School we recognise that all pupils are entitled to a quality of education and provision that is inclusive and will enable all to achieve their potential. We believe in early identification, removing barriers to learning, positive intervention and working collaboratively with pupils, parents and outside agencies to raise, both, expectations and levels of achievement. Our aim is to provide a positive educational experience for all our pupils, including those with a special educational need or disability, within our caring and supportive school environment where pupils are valued equally and are given opportunities to shine.

Our approach to Special Educational Needs is underpinned by our **Christian ethos**, which is based on the three key principles of fellowship, friendship, respect, and perseverance, alongside our **whole school vision**:

**Celebrate:** high expectations and aspirations for every learner

**Collaborate:** teamwork, effective participation and building positive relationships

**Pollinate:** understanding, exploring and contributing to the wider world

## Objectives and aims of the policy

This policy is written to ensure everyone working at Burneston Church of England (VA) Primary School is clear about the ethos, principles, procedures and practice for pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND). Every adult within our school must follow this policy. We use '**must**' when referring to a statutory requirement.

All items in bold are taken directly from the [SEND Code of Practice 2015](#)

*6.1 All children and young people are entitled to an appropriate education, one that is appropriate to their needs, promotes high standards and the fulfilment of potential. This should enable them to:*

- achieve their best*
- become confident individuals living fulfilled lives, and*
- make a successful transition into adulthood, whether into employment, further or higher education or training*

Things we **must** do:

- use our best endeavours to make sure that a child with SEND gets the support they need – this means doing everything we can to meet the needs of children and young people with SEND
- ensure that children and young people with SEND engage in the activities of the school alongside pupils who do not have SEND
- designate a teacher to be responsible for co-ordinating SEND provision – the Special Educational Needs co-ordinator, or SENCo
- inform parents when we are making special educational provision for their child
- prepare a SEN information report, which we publish on our school website
- state our arrangements for the admission of disabled children,
- state the steps being taken to prevent disabled children from being treated less favourably than others,
- provide facilities to enable access to our school for disabled children and publish our accessibility plan on our school website showing how we plan to improve access progressively over time
- have due regard to the general duties to promote disability equality.

A member of our governing body has specific oversight of the school's arrangements for SEN and disability. This person is identified on the front page. All school leaders will regularly review how expertise and resources to address SEN can be used to build the quality of whole-school provision as part of our approach to school improvement.

The quality of education and the progress made by pupils with SEN is a core part of our school's performance management arrangements and its approach to professional development for all teaching and support staff. In addition, this also contributes to our school self-evaluation.

## **Identification process**

*6.2 Every school is required to identify and address the SEN of the pupils that they support.*

*6.36 Teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class, including where pupils access support from teaching assistants or specialist staff.*

The identification of SEN is built into our overall approach to monitoring the progress and development of all our pupils.

The steps below outlines the process that you as a teacher will follow to identify pupils with SEN.

**Please also see flowchart on page 7.**

1. Any child who gives you a concern whether it is due to a lack of academic progress, development or social need will be noted and dated on CPOMS. You will also need to fill out an 'At a Glance' Document which needs to be saved in the child's electronic folder on TEAMS and shared within 2 working days with the SENCo. (If there is a child protection issue then our school's safeguarding procedures **MUST** be followed)
2. If a parent or pupil also raises a concern, this must be taken seriously and we must listen to these concerns. These will be noted and dated on CPOMS, as above. Again, inform the SENCo of their concern within 2 working days. (If there is a child protection issue then our school's safeguarding procedures **MUST** be followed)
3. N.B. At this point the child is not regarded as having SEN. How well the child responds or otherwise to the adjustments made will determine if s/he has SEN.
4. Class Teachers will discuss the concerns informally with the parent and gather information about what the possible barrier to learning is. All conversations should be logged on CPOMS. The SENCo will support you, if required. You will make any reasonable adjustments to your teaching that are required and report at the next pupil progress meeting on the impact of your adjustments (or at the next agreed time – this will be a maximum period of one term).

*6.21 Persistent disruptive or withdrawn behaviours do not necessarily mean that the child has SEN. Where there are concerns this needs to be logged and an assessment made by the class teacher, supported by the SENCo, if required. This is to determine whether there are any causal factors such as unidentified learning difficulties, difficulties with communication or mental health issues.*

If appropriate, the SENCo may approach others such as Early Help as per the guidance in North Yorkshire County Council's (NYCC) [Ladder of Intervention](#). Any child in our school with SEND will not be discriminated against, sanctioned or disciplined due to their special educational need.

*6.17 Class and subject teachers, supported by the senior leadership team, should make regular assessments of progress for all pupils. These should seek to identify pupils making less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances. This can be characterised by progress which:*

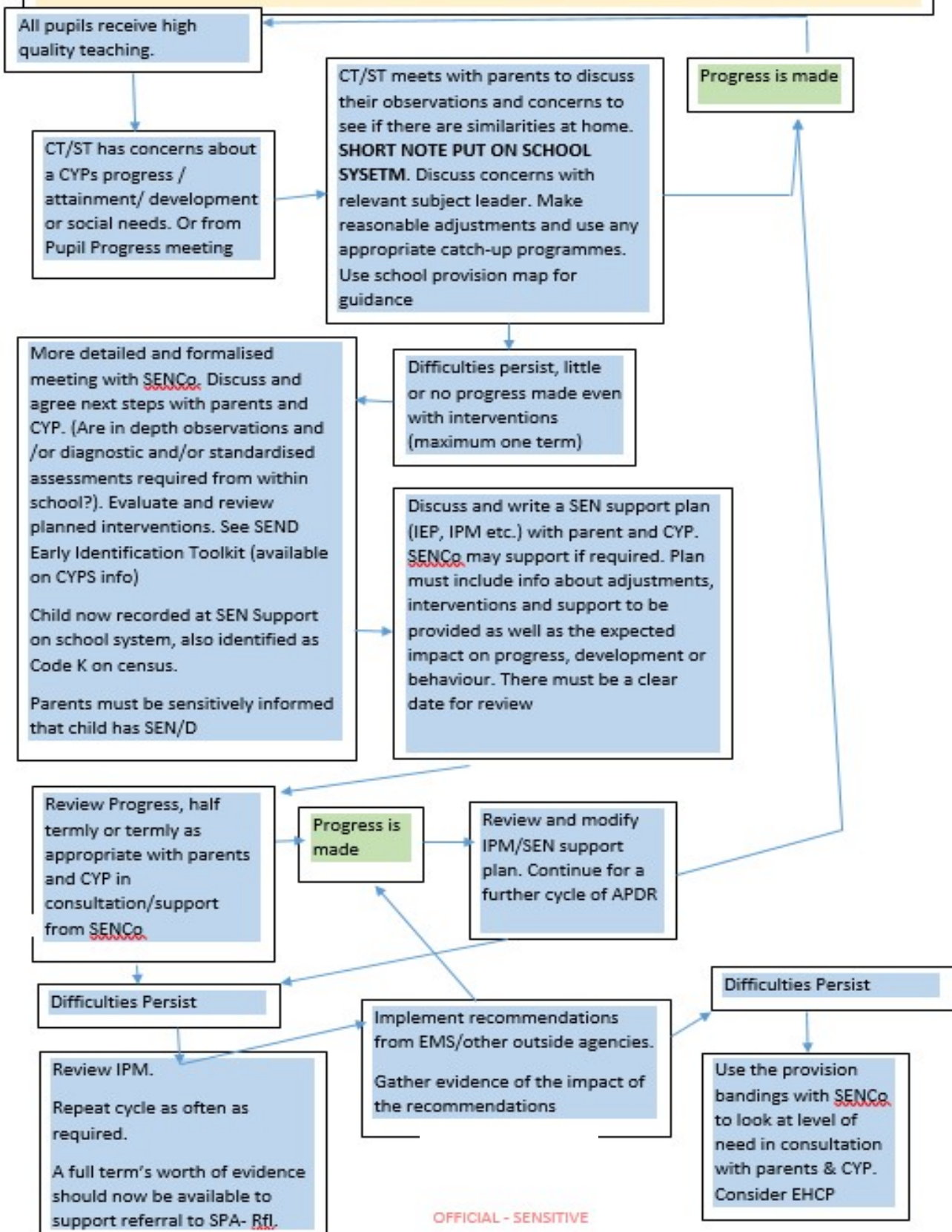
- *is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline*
- *fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress*
- *fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers*
- *widens the attainment gap*

*6.18 It can include progress in areas other than attainment – for instance where a pupil needs to make additional progress with wider development or social needs in order to make a successful transition to adult life.*

*6.23 Slow progress and low attainment do not necessarily mean that a child has SEN and should not automatically lead to a pupil being recorded as having SEN. However, they may be an indicator of a range of learning difficulties or disabilities. Equally, it should not be assumed that attainment in line with chronological age means that there is no learning difficulty or disability. Some learning difficulties and disabilities occur across the range of cognitive ability and, left unaddressed may lead to frustration, which may manifest itself as disaffection, emotional or behavioural difficulties.*

5. At this point, a decision as to whether the child has SEN will be made in conjunction with the SENCo. The child or young person (CYP) is now described as being at 'SEN Support'. They will appear as Code K on our school census. If required, we can seek advice from the local SEND Hub manager to clarify our decision. This will be undertaken by the SENCo.
  
6. The SENCo will maintain a list of pupils who have been identified as having SEN on our SEN list. This list along with all electronic pupil SEN records are accessible to all class teachers and senior leaders in the SEN Folder or on the SEN TEAMS channel. Anyone accessing this list must treat the content in confidence and in line with General Data Protection Act 2018 and Protection Regulations 2017 (GDPR). It is the responsibility of the class teacher to look regularly at the content for their pupils for any updates but they will be notified by the SENCo or Admin Team via email when new information is added. Individual Provision Maps, At a Glance documents, Intervention records and notes on communications with children or parents need to be updated by class teachers regularly (no longer than termly). The SENCo will also ensure that EHCPs and annual reviews are up to date and available in the folder.

Flowchart for **Teachers** to ensure initial concerns are addressed using the 'Assess, Plan, Do and Review' graduated response.



OFFICIAL - SENSITIVE



## Four Broad Areas of Need:

- Communication and Interaction
- Cognition and Learning
- Social, emotional and mental health difficulties
- Sensory and/or physical needs

If you would like further clarification of these areas of need, then consult the SEND CoP 6.28- 6.35 or discuss with our SENCo. To assist us, NYCC has banding descriptors for each area of need. These are available to view on the SEN TEAMS channel.

## Special Educational Provision:

Once the child has been identified as having SEN then the formal process begins. We **must** take action to remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place.

This is called the Graduated Response. It is a 4-part cycle: Assess, Plan, Do and Review.

Parents **must** be informed that their child has SEN and that additional and different provision is being provided for their child. Parents will be signposted to NYCC special educational needs and disabilities advisory and support service ([SENDIASS](#)) and the [local offer](#) . A link to this can also be found on our SEN Information Report on the school website.

The graduated response is outlined below:

1. **Assess.** Assess the child's needs – this happens at the start of each termly cycle to ensure we obtain a clear analysis of need. The SENCo will support if required. We will ensure that the assessment informs any adjustments, approaches, resources, intervention and/or support required.
2. **Plan.** This will be undertaken at least termly with the parents and CYP . The views of parents and pupils are of paramount importance. This will be recorded on the plan.

The plan is written by the class teacher, supported by the SENCo if required. We use the [SEN Support Plan](#) template, also called an Individual Provision Map (IPM). The focus will be on how to overcome the barriers to learning identified in the assessment. An agreed date to review the plan with the parents will be made at this meeting. Teachers are advised to refer to our whole school provision maps (which can be found on the SEN TEAMS channel) to help plan any adjustments, approaches, resources or interventions required. If additional adult support is to be provided whether in-class or outside of class, it must be clear how, what and when this will be undertaken. The class teacher is responsible for monitoring the impact, supported by the SENCo. The additional adult support is someone who must be suitably trained to undertake the intervention.

All IPMs will be reviewed at the end of each half term and new plans will be written and in place at the start of each half term. The plans need to be uploaded into the child's electronic file and a copy given to the parents. A face to face meeting or, at the very least, a telephone conversation will be offered and arranged at this time between Class Teacher and parents. The date of the next review meeting will be decided upon at this time. Do not agree to any evidence based interventions being put into the plan without first consulting the SENCo to ensure availability of the person delivering it. The SENCo will monitor the quality and appropriateness of the plans.

3. **Do.** The class teacher remains responsible for the child. Where provision is provided by teaching assistants (TAs) or specialist teachers, the responsibility remains with the class teacher. TAs must supplement and not replace teachers. Teachers are still required to work with the child in order to plan and assess the impact of any adjustments support or interventions. The SENCo will support the class teacher in the further assessment of the child's particular strengths and needs, by problem solving and advising on the effective implementation of support. The SENCo will monitor this provision.
4. **Review** The class teacher will review the plan with the parents and child on the agreed date. The impact and quality of the support and interventions will be evaluated. This will feed back into the analysis of the pupil's needs. Parents will be given clear information about the impact of the support and interventions provided, enabling them to be involved in planning next steps.

### **Involving Specialists**

If at any point the class teacher in consultation with the SENCo feel they need additional advice and support from an outside agency then the consent of the parent **must** be obtained first.

This would be undertaken by the SENCo, in consultation with parents and teachers when a pupil continues to make little or no progress or where they continue to work at levels substantially below those expected of pupils of a similar age despite evidence-based interventions/adjustments. These interventions/support will be delivered by appropriately trained staff.

The class teacher will be asked to support the completion of the application. Class teachers are expected to engage with the outside agency the school has approached, incorporate their recommendations into their plans, and facilitate information sharing between the parents/carers and the outside agency.

### **Transition**

SEN support will include a plan for effective transition between phases of education. The [chronology of support and involvement](#) includes a section for completion by the class teacher at points of transition. This will be completed in a timely way so that the receiving establishment has all the

relevant information they require. The SENCo will support the class teacher with this.

### **Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCP)**

Where a child is in receipt of an EHCP, the provision in Section F of the EHCP **must** be provided. Our teachers remain responsible for the child's progress. There will still be termly reviews and the graduated response will remain in place. In addition, there will be an 'Annual Review' held each year. This **must** be before the date of the anniversary of the plan being issued. The SENCo or Head Teacher will chair the meeting and complete the required paperwork. For further details about this process and who is invited, please discuss this with the SENCo.

### **Confidentiality**

Staff may have access to personal data about pupils and their families which must be kept confidential at all times and only shared when legally permissible to do so and in the interest of the child. Records should only be shared with those who have a legitimate professional need to see them. Staff should never use confidential or personal information about a child or her/his family for their own, or others advantage (including that of partners, friends, relatives or other organisations). Information must never be used to intimidate, humiliate, or embarrass the child. Confidential information should never be used casually in conversation or shared with any person other than on a need-to-know basis. In circumstances where the child's identity does not need to be disclosed the information should be used anonymously. There are some circumstances in which a member of staff may be expected to share information about a child, for example when abuse is alleged or suspected. In such cases, individuals have a responsibility to pass information on without delay, but only to those with designated safeguarding responsibilities or to statutory services. If a child, or their parent / carer makes a disclosure regarding abuse or neglect, the member of staff should follow our school safeguarding procedures.

### **Safeguarding Children with SEND**

Some children have an increased risk of abuse, and additional barriers can exist for some children with respect to recognising or disclosing it. We are committed to anti-discriminatory practice and recognise children's diverse circumstances. We ensure that all children have the same protection, regardless of any barriers they may face.

The additional barriers that can exist when recognising abuse and neglect in this group, include:

- Assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and injury relate to the child's disability without further exploration.
- Pupils being more prone to peer group isolation than other pupils.
- The potential for pupils with SEN and disabilities being disproportionately impacted by behaviours such as bullying, without outwardly showing any signs.
- Communication barriers and difficulties in overcoming these barriers.

Children with disabilities may have regular contact with a wide network of carers and other adults for practical assistance in daily living including personal intimate care, hence being mindful that such situations can increase risk.

## **Roles and Responsibilities**

Our school leaders and teaching staff, including the SENCo, will analyse data to identify any patterns in the identification of SEN, within the school and in comparison with local and national data. We will then use this information to reflect on and improve the quality of education. The SENCo will use the data dashboards to compare our school with local and national data annually and report to the Head Teacher and governing body. (The January census is used and the data is supplied by NYCC at the end of the summer term or early autumn term each year).

### Role of the Governors

Our Governing Body will work with our Head Teacher to ensure that our school meets its responsibilities under the [Children & Families Act 2014 particularly section 66](#) regarding using their best endeavours and Equality Act 2010.

Our Governors **must** have regard to the SEND Code of Practice.

Our Governors **must** ensure that a Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCo) is appointed and that they are qualified, i.e. they are a qualified teacher and have the national award for special educational needs and disabilities (NASENCo). If our SENCo does not have this award on the day they are appointed then our Governing Body **must** ensure it is achieved within 3 years of their appointment. This also applies to the Headteacher if they take on the role of SENCo.

- *6.3 There should be a member of the governing body or a sub-committee with specific oversight of the school's arrangements for SEN and disability. School leaders should regularly review how expertise and resources used to address SEN can be used to build the quality of whole-school provision as part of their approach to school improvement.*
- *6.97 They should consider their strategic approach to meeting SEN in the context of the total resources available, including any resources targeted at particular groups, such as the pupil premium.*

In our school, this means that a SEN Governor is appointed to work directly with the SENCo and Head Teacher and report to the governing body about matters related to SEND.

The Governors **must** publish at least annually a SEN Information report.

- 6.79 The governing bodies of maintained schools and maintained nursery schools and the proprietors of academy schools **must** publish information on their websites about the implementation of the governing body's or the proprietor's policy for pupils with SEN. The information published should be updated annually and any changes to the information occurring during the year should be updated as soon as possible.

The report **must** contain as a minimum the 14 bullet points listed in section 6.79 of the SEND CoP and will include arrangements for supporting children who are looked after by the local authority and have SEN. Therefore, we will produce this annually and it will be uploaded onto our school website in the SEND section.

*xxi School governing bodies and proprietors **must** also publish information about the arrangements for the admission of disabled children, the steps taken to prevent disabled children being treated less favourably than others, the facilities provided to assist access of disabled children, and their accessibility plans.*

### Role of the SEN Governor

Our SEN Governor will:

- be familiar with the SEND Code of Practice 2015 particularly Chapter 6
- be a critical friend to our SENCo by visiting at least once a term
- be aware of the numbers of children at our school with SEN and disabilities
- be aware of our SEND action plan

Monitor:

- the progress and attainment of our children with SEND
- attendance rates of our children with SEND
- fixed term and permanent exclusion rates of our children with SEND
- any internal exclusions including the frequency and length of time our children with SEND are sent out of lessons as a behaviour management strategy
- that our children are not being unfairly treated due to their SEND, for example being disproportionately being sent out of lessons, or excluded from taking part in wider educational experiences
- that our children receive a broad curriculum and social experiences, including that they don't disproportionately miss out on curriculum content, creative activities and break times in order to access additional support
- that all policies are non-discriminatory regarding pupils with SEND

Investigate:

- the gaps or differences in our performance, attendance or exclusion (including internal exclusions) levels between our CYP with and without SEND
- our strengths and areas for development regarding SEND provision
- how SEND is represented in our school development plan, and whether progress is being made towards targets

- obtain the views of our parents of CYP with SEND, about their experience of the school's SEN provision
- obtain the views of our CYP with SEND including their enjoyment and experience of learning
- obtain the views of our teachers, about their ability to implement the SEND plan

#### Report:

- each term to our full governing board on their findings

#### Role of the Headteacher

- The Headteacher is responsible for the strategic development, policy and provision in our school.
- They are responsible along with the governing body to ensure our school meets its responsibilities under Children and Families Act 2014 and the Equality Act 2010.
- The Headteacher along with other members of our senior leadership team and SENCo will publish a clear picture of the resources (e.g. a whole school provision map) that are available to the school.
- Our Headteacher will ensure that any member of staff working with any CYP who has SEND is aware of their needs and have arrangements in place to meet them.

#### Role of the SENCo

*6.87 The SENCo has an important role to play with the Headteacher and governing body, in determining the strategic development of SEN policy and provision in the school. They will be most effective in that role if they are part of the school leadership team.*

*6.88 The SENCo has day-to-day responsibility for the operation of SEN policy and co-ordination of specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEN, including those who have EHC plans.*

*6.89 The SENCo provides professional guidance to colleagues and will work closely with staff, parents and other agencies. The SENCo should be aware of the provision in the Local Offer and be able to work with professionals providing a support role to families to ensure that pupils with SEN receive appropriate support and high quality teaching.*

*6.90 The key responsibilities of the SENCo will include:*

- overseeing the day-to-day operation of the school's SEN policy
- co-ordinating provision for children with SEN

- liaising with the relevant Designated Teacher where a looked after pupil has SEN
- advising on the graduated approach to providing SEN support
- advising on the deployment of the school’s delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils’ needs effectively
- liaising with parents of pupils with SEN
- liaising with early years providers, other schools, educational psychologists, health and social care professionals, and independent or voluntary bodies
- being a key point of contact with external agencies, especially the local authority and its support services
- liaising with potential next providers of education to ensure a pupil and their parents are informed about options and a smooth transition is planned
- working with the headteacher and school governors to ensure that the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act (2010) with regard to reasonable adjustments and access arrangements
- ensuring that the school keeps the records of all pupils with SEN up to date

Our school will ensure that the SENCo has sufficient time and resources to carry out these functions. We will provide our SENCo with sufficient administrative support and time away from teaching to enable them to fulfil their responsibilities in a similar way to other important strategic roles within a school.

Our SENCo has a strategic and operational aspect to their role.

Operational	Strategic
Day to day systems	Knowing our school data and types of SEND and respond according with CPD for staff
Paperwork	Write and implement an action plan
Liaise with agencies	Monitor and review provision and impact
Liaise with parents and teachers	Budget – Value for money

SEN Teaching assistants deployment	Review processes and systems
Transitions	Report to Head Teacher/Governors

The monitoring of SEND provision in our school is an essential role of our SENCo, as it will inform any areas for development.

This will be undertaken in a variety of ways such as, but not limited to:

- classroom observation with a focus on: SEND provision, resources and environment
- scrutiny of all SEND support plans content, implementation and impact
- quality assure the delivery of any interventions
- ongoing assessment of progress and impact made by intervention groups
- work sampling of pupils with SEND at least termly via book scrutinies
- attendance at pupil progress meetings
- CYP questionnaires/discussions: after interventions, about support/provision in class and homework
- teacher/TA questionnaires/discussions
- Staff voice
- effective deployment, preparedness and practice of TAs including teaching assistant interactions and questioning skills
- informal/formal feedback from staff, parents and CYP
- CYP progress tracking, using assessment data (whole-school processes)
- attendance records of pupils with SEND
- whole school provision map
- pupil premium scrutiny and impact (similarly for Covid catch-up funding if appropriate)
- supporting CYP and staff with effective transition
- consider examination/test access arrangements
- support CPD with a focus on SEND in school
- termly meeting with our SEN Governor and report to our senior leadership team

A monitoring timetable will be shared with the staff at the beginning of each academic year.

### Role of class teachers

*6.36 Teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class, including where pupils access support from teaching assistants or specialist staff.*



The role of the class teacher is to:

- support the SENCo and our senior leadership team to implement this policy and have due regard to the SEND CoP
- support and engage with the SENCo in regard to the SEND monitoring role
- identify pupils with SEND
- write effective SEN support plans, and implement and review them, as set out in this policy
- set high expectations for every child including those with SEND
- liaise effectively with parents and listen and act upon their concerns
- use appropriate assessments to identify barriers to learning and set targets that are ambitious for all children
- plan lessons that will address potential areas of difficulty and remove barriers to achievement.
- use their best endeavours to meet the needs of children with SEND
- make reasonable adjustments to overcome barriers to learning
- remain responsible for working with the children on a daily basis
- keep abreast of SEND initiatives and CPD
- ensure QFT meets the needs of all learners and their starting points

#### Role of all support staff (including MSAs)

The role of the support staff is to:

- ensure children become independent, resilient learners
- promote self-esteem and social inclusion
- develop their knowledge of the curriculum
- work collaboratively with class teachers to overcome any barriers to learning
- report any observations about the child they are supporting to the class teacher
- contribute to reports for reviews of children with SEND
- attend CPD and keep abreast of initiatives
- follow the TA Standards (if appropriate)

***Policy to be reviewed annually or when statutory changes have been implemented.***

**A copy of this policy is available for all parents on request at the school office. Please do not hesitate to contact our SENCO or SEN governor should you require any further information.**

***If you need this document in large print, audio, Braille, alternative format or in a different language, please contact us and we will do our best to help.***

#### \*The SEN information report

The SEN information report sets out what we can offer as a school to pupils with Special Educational Needs. It details how we implement our SEN policy within the school, provides named contacts for parents with questions or concerns and shows the school's contribution to the local offer set out by the Local Authority. It also highlights the broad and balanced curriculum provided in each year and explains how the curriculum is adapted or made accessible for pupils with SEN.

This information is updated annually and available on our website.

The SEN Information Report has regard for the following:

- What kinds of SEN are provided for in your school?
- What policies do you have for identifying children and young people with SEN? How do you assess their needs? What is the SENCo's name and how can I contact them?
- What arrangements do you have for consulting with parents of children with SEN and involving them in their child's education?
- What arrangements do you have in place in your school to consult with young people with SEN and how do you involve them in their education?
- What arrangements are in place for assessing and reviewing children and young people's progress towards outcomes. Please can you explain what opportunities are available to enable you to work with parents and young people as part of this assessment and review process.
- What are the arrangements for supporting children and young people in moving between phases of education and in preparing for adulthood? How do you ensure that as young people prepare for adulthood the desirable outcomes reflect their ambitions, which could include higher education, employment, independent living and participation in society
- What is your school's approach to teaching children and young people with SEN?
- What sort of adaptations are made to the curriculum and the learning environment of children and young people with SEN?

- What sort of expertise for supporting children and young people with SEN do you currently have in school? How do you ensure that the expertise and training of staff to support children and young people with SEN is current? How do you access and secure further specialist expertise?
- How do you evaluate the effectiveness of the provision made for children and young people with SEN?
- How are children and young people with SEN enabled to engage in activities available with children and young people in the school who do not have SEN?
- How do you support children and young people with SEN to improve their emotional and social development? Please explain the extra pastoral support arrangements for listening to the views of children and young people with SEN and measures to prevent bullying.
- How does the School involve other bodies, including health and social care bodies, local authority support services and voluntary sector organisations, in meeting children and young people's SEN and supporting their families?
- What are the arrangements for handling complaints from parents of children with SEN about the provision made at the school?

## Glossary of Terms

<b>CoP</b>	<i>Code of Practice</i>
<b>EP</b>	<i>Educational Psychologist</i>
<b>SEN/SEND</b>	<i>Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities</i>
<b>SEN(D)Co</b>	<i>Special Educational Needs and/or Disability Coordinator</i>
<b>TA</b>	<i>Teaching Assistant</i>
<b>EDA</b>	<i>Education Development Advisor</i>
<b>IPM</b>	<i>Individual Provision Map</i>
<b>EYFS</b>	<i>Early Years Foundation Stage</i>
<b>LA</b>	<i>Local Authority</i>
<b>EHCP</b>	<i>Education, Health and Care Plan – previously known as statement</i>
<b>CAMHS</b>	<i>Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service</i>
<b>CPD</b>	<i>Continual Professional Development</i>
<b>CYP</b>	<i>Child and/or young person</i>
<b>SEAL</b>	<i>Social and Emotional Aspects of Learning</i>

**SMART Targets**

*A target which is Specific, Measureable, Achievable, Realistic, Timed*

**Learning Walk**

*A form of observation within the school whereby the observers spend a short period of drawing conclusions around a specific focus*

**High quality teaching**

*The effective inclusion of all pupils in the highest quality everyday personalised teaching*